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AN ACT

D.C. ACT 11-498

Codijication District oj Columbia Code 1997 Supp.

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

DECEMBER 24, 1996

To revise Article 5 of the Uniform Commercial Code and to make conforming amendments to Articles 1, 2, and 9.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this act may be cited as the "Uniform Commercial Code--Letters of Credit Act of 1996".

Sec. 2. Article 5 of Subtitle I of the District of Columbia Code is amended to read as follows:

"ARTICLE 5. LETTERS OF CREDIT.

"Sec.

- "28:5-101. Short title.
- "28:5-102. Definitions.
- "28:5-103. Scope.
- "28:5-104. Formal requirements.
- "28:5-105. Consideration.
- "28:5-106. Issuance, amendment, cancellation, and duration.

"28:5-107. Confirmer, nominated person, and adviser.

"28:5-108. Issuer's rights and obligations.

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- "28:5-109. Fraud and forgery.
- "28:5-110. Warranties.
- "28:5-111. Remedies.
- "28:5-112. Transfer of letter of credit.
- "28:5-113. Transfer by operation of law.
- "28:5-114. Assignment of proceeds.
- "28:5-115. Statute of limitations.
- "28:5-116. Choice of law and forum.
- "28:5-117. Subrogation of issuer, applicant, and nominated person.
- "28:5-118. Applicability.

"28:5-119. Savings clause.

"§ 28:5-101. Short title.

"This article may be cited as "Uniform Commercial Code--Letters of Credit".

"§ 28:5-102. Definitions.

"(a) For the purposes of this article, the term:

"(1) "Adviser" means a person who, at the request of the issuer, a confirmer, or another adviser, notifies or requests another adviser to notify the beneficiary that a letter of credit has been issued, confirmed, or amended.

"(2) "Applicant" means a person at whose request or for whose account a letter of credit is issued. The term "applicant" includes a person who requests an issuer to issue a letter of credit on behalf of another if the person making the request undertakes an obligation to reimburse the issuer.

"(3) "Beneficiary" means a person who under the terms of a letter of credit is entitled to have its complying presentation honored. The term "beneficiary" includes a person to whom drawing rights have been transferred under a transferable letter of credit.

"(4) "Confirmer" means a nominated person who undertakes, at the request or with the consent of the issuer, to honor a presentation under a letter of credit issued by another.

"(5) "Dishonor" of a letter of credit means failure timely to honor or to take an interim action, such as acceptance of a draft, that may be required by the letter of credit.

"(6) "Document" means a draft or other demand, document of title, investment security, certificate, invoice, or other record, statement, or representation of fact, law, right, or opinion (i) which is presented in a written or other medium permitted by the letter of credit or, unless prohibited by the letter of credit, by the standard practice referred to in § 28:5-108(e), and (ii) which is capable of being examined for compliance with the terms and conditions of the letter of credit. A document may not be oral.

"(7) "Good faith" means honesty in fact in the conduct or transaction concerned.

"(8) "Honor" of a letter of credit means performance of the issuer's undertaking in the letter of credit to pay or deliver an item of value. Unless the letter of credit otherwise provides, honor occurs

"(A) Upon payment;

"(B) If the letter of credit provides for acceptance, upon acceptance of a draft and, at maturity, its payment; or

"(C) If the letter of credit provides for incurring a deferred obligation, upon incurring the obligation and, at maturity, its performance.

"(9) "Issuer" means a bank or other person that issues a letter of credit, but does not include an individual who makes an engagement for personal, family, or household purposes.

"(10) "Letter of credit" means a definite undertaking that satisfies the requirements of § 28:5-104 by an issuer to a beneficiary at the request or for the account of an applicant or, in the case of a financial institution, to itself or for its own account, to honor a

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documentary presentation by payment or delivery of an item of value.

"(11) "Nominated person" means a person whom the issuer (i) designates or authorizes to pay, accept, negotiate, or otherwise give value under a letter of credit and (ii) undertakes by agreement or custom and practice to reimburse.

"(12) "Presentation" means delivery of a document to an issuer or nominated person for honor or giving of value under a letter of credit.

"(13) "Presenter" means a person making a presentation as or on behalf of a beneficiary or nominated person.

"(14) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium, or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.

"(15) "Successor of a beneficiary" means a person who succeeds to substantially all of the rights of a beneficiary by operation of law, including a corporation with or into which the beneficiary has been merged or consolidated, an administrator, executor, personal representative, trustee in bankruptcy, debtor in possession, liquidator, and receiver.

"(b) Definitions in other articles applying to this article and the sections in which they appear are:

"Accept" or "Acceptance" "Value" § 28:3-409

§ 28:3-303, § 28:4-211

"(c) Article 1 contains certain additional general definitions and principles of construction and interpretation applicable throughout this article.

"§ 28:5-103. Scope.

"(a) This article applies to letters of credit and to certain rights and obligations arising out of transactions involving letters of credit.

"(b) The statement of a rule in this article does not by itself require, imply, or negate application of the same or a different rule to a situation not provided for, or to a person not specified, in this article.

"(c) With the exception of this subsection, subsections (a) and (d) of this section, §§ 28:5-102(a)(9) and (10), 28:5-106(d), and 28:5-114(d), and except to the extent prohibited in §§ 28:1-102(3) and 28:5-117(d), the effect of this article may be varied by agreement or by a provision stated or incorporated by reference in an undertaking. A term in an agreement or undertaking generally excusing liability or generally limiting remedies for failure to perform obligations is not sufficient to vary obligations prescribed by this article.

"(d) Rights and obligations of an issuer to a beneficiary or a nominated person under a letter of credit are independent of the existence, performance, or nonperformance of a contract or arrangement out of which the letter of credit arises or which underlies it, including contracts or arrangements between the issuer and the applicant and between the applicant and the beneficiary.

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"§ 28:5-104. Formal requirements.

"A letter of credit, confirmation, advice, transfer, amendment, or cancellation may be issued in any form that is a record and is authenticated (i) by a signature or (ii) in accordance with the agreement of the parties or the standard practice referred to in § 28:5-108(e).

"§ 28:5-105. Consideration.

"Consideration is not required to issue, amend, transfer, or cancel a letter of credit, advice, or confirmation.

"§ 28:5-106. Issuance, amendment, cancellation, and duration.

"(a) A letter of credit is issued and becomes enforceable according to its terms against the issuer when the issuer sends or otherwise transmits it to the person requested to advise or to the beneficiary. A letter of credit is revocable only if it so provides.

"(b) After a letter of credit is issued, rights and obligations of a beneficiary, applicant, confirmer, and issuer are not affected by an amendment or cancellation to which that person has not consented except to the extent the letter of credit provides that it is revocable or that the issuer may amend or cancel the letter of credit without that consent.

"(c) If there is no stated expiration date or other provision that determines its duration, a letter of credit expires one year after its stated date of issuance or, if none is stated, after the date on which it is issued.

"(d) A letter of credit that states that it is perpetual expires 5 years after its stated date of issuance, or if none is stated, after the date on which it is issued.

"§ 28:5-107. Confirmer, nominated person, and adviser.

"(a) A confirmer is directly obligated on a letter of credit and has the rights and obligations of an issuer to the extent of its confirmation. The confirmer also has rights against and obligations to the issuer as if the issuer were an applicant and the confirmer had issued the letter of credit at the request and for the account of the issuer.

"(b) A nominated person who is not a confirmer is not obligated to honor or otherwise give value for a presentation.

"(c) A person requested to advise may decline to act as an adviser. An adviser that is not a confirmer is not obligated to honor or give value for a presentation. An adviser undertakes to the issuer and to the beneficiary accurately to advise the terms of the letter of credit, confirmation, amendment, or advice received by that person and undertakes to the beneficiary to check the apparent authenticity of the request to advise. Even if the advice is inaccurate, the letter of credit, confirmation, or amendment is enforceable as issued.

"(d) A person who notifies a transferee beneficiary of the terms of a letter of credit, confirmation, amendment, or advice has the rights and obligations of an adviser under subsection (c) of this section. The terms in the notice to the transferee beneficiary may differ from the terms in any notice to the transferor beneficiary to the extent permitted by the letter of Section 28:5-104

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credit, confirmation, amendment, or advice received by the person who so notifies.

"§ 28:5-108. Issuer's rights and obligations.

"(a) Except as otherwise provided in § 28:5-109, an issuer shall honor a presentation that, as determined by the standard practice referred to in subsection (e) of this section, appears on its face strictly to comply with the terms and conditions of the letter of credit. Except as otherwise provided in § 28:5-113 and unless otherwise agreed with the applicant, an issuer shall dishonor a presentation that does not appear so to comply.

"(b) An issuer has a reasonable time after presentation, but not beyond the end of the seventh business day of the issuer after the day of its receipt of documents:

"(1) To honor;

"(2) If the letter of credit provides for honor to be completed more than 7 business days after presentation, to accept a draft or incur a deferred obligation; or

"(3) To give notice to the presenter of discrepancies in the presentation."(c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d) of this section, an issuer is precluded from asserting as a basis for dishonor any discrepancy if timely notice is not given, or any discrepancy not stated in the notice if timely notice is given.

"(d) Failure to give the notice specified in subsection (b) of this section or to mention fraud, forgery, or expiration in the notice does not preclude the issuer from asserting as a basis for dishonor fraud or forgery as described in § 28:5-109(a) or expiration of the letter of credit before presentation.

"(e) An issuer shall observe standard practice of financial institutions that regularly issue letters of credit. Determination of the issuer's observance of the standard practice is a matter of interpretation for the court. The court shall offer the parties a reasonable opportunity to present evidence of the standard practice.

"(f) An issuer is not responsible for:

"(1) The performance or nonperformance of the underlying contract, arrangement, or transaction;

"(2) An act or omission of others; or

"(3) Observance or knowledge of the usage of a particular trade other than the standard practice referred to in subsection (e) of this section.

"(g) If an undertaking constituting a letter of credit under § 28:5-102(a)(10) contains nondocumentary conditions, an issuer shall disregard the nondocumentary conditions and treat them as if they were not stated.

"(h) An issuer that has dishonored a presentation shall return the documents or hold them at the disposal of, and send advice to that effect to, the presenter.

"(i) An issuer that has honored a presentation as permitted or required by this article:

"(1) Is entitled to be reimbursed by the applicant in immediately available funds not later than the date of its payment of funds;

"(2) Takes the documents free of claims of the beneficiary or presenter;

"(3) Is precluded from asserting a right of recourse on a draft under § 28:3-414 and 28:3-415;

"(4) Except as otherwise provided in § 28:5-110 and § 28:5-117, is precluded from restitution of money paid or other value given by mistake to the extent the mistake concerns discrepancies in the documents or tender which are apparent on the face of the presentation; and

"(5) Is discharged to the extent of its performance under the letter of credit unless the issuer honored a presentation in which a required signature of a beneficiary was forged.

"§ 28:5-109. Fraud and forgery.

Section 28:5-109

"(a) If a presentation is made that appears on its face strictly to comply with the terms and conditions of the letter of credit, but a required document is forged or materially fraudulent, or honor of the presentation would facilitate a material fraud by the beneficiary on the issuer or applicant:

"(1) The issuer shall honor the presentation, if honor is demanded by (i) a nominated person who has given value in good faith and without notice of forgery or material fraud, (ii) a confirmer who has honored its confirmation in good faith, (iii) a holder in due course of a draft drawn under the letter of credit which was taken after acceptance by the issuer or nominated person, or (iv) an assignee of the issuer's or nominated person's deferred obligation that was taken for value and without notice of forgery or material fraud after the obligation was incurred by the issuer or nominated person; and

"(2) The issuer, acting in good faith, may honor or dishonor the presentation in any other case.

"(b) If an applicant claims that a required document is forged or materially fraudulent or that honor of the presentation would facilitate a material fraud by the beneficiary on the issuer or applicant, a court of competent jurisdiction may temporarily or permanently enjoin the issuer from honoring a presentation or grant similar relief against the issuer or other persons only if the court finds that:

"(1) The relief is not prohibited under the law applicable to an accepted draft or deferred obligation incurred by the issuer;

"(2) A beneficiary, issuer, or nominated person who may be adversely affected is adequately protected against loss that it may suffer because the relief is granted;

"(3) All of the conditions to entitle a person to the relief under the law of the District of Columbia have been met; and

"(4) On the basis of the information submitted to the court, the applicant is more likely than not to succeed under its claim of forgery or material fraud and the person demanding honor does not qualify for protection under subsection (a)(1) of this section.

"§ 28:5-110. Warranties.

"(a) If its presentation is honored, the beneficiary warrants:

"(1) To the issuer, any other person to whom presentation is made, and the applicant that there is no fraud or forgery of the kind described in § 28:5-109(a); and

"(2) To the applicant that the drawing does not violate any agreement between the applicant and beneficiary or any other agreement intended by them to be augmented by the letter of credit.

"(b) The warranties in subsection (a) of this section are in addition to warranties arising under Articles 3, 4, 7, and 8 because of the presentation or transfer of documents covered by any of those articles.

"§ 28:5-111. Remedies.

"(a) If an issuer wrongfully dishonors or repudiates its obligation to pay money under a letter of credit before presentation, the beneficiary, successor, or nominated person presenting on its own behalf may recover from the issuer the amount that is the subject of the dishonor or repudiation. If the issuer's obligation under the letter of credit is not for the payment of money, the claimant may obtain specific performance or, at the claimant's election, recover an amount equal to the value of performance from the issuer. In either case, the claimant may also recover incidental but not consequential damages. The claimant is not obligated to take action to avoid damages that might be due from the issuer under this subsection. If, although not obligated to do so, the claimant avoids damages, the claimant's recovery from the issuer must be reduced by the amount of damages avoided. The issuer has the burden of proving the amount of damages avoided. In the case of repudiation the claimant need not present any document.

"(b) If an issuer wrongfully dishonors a draft or demand presented under a letter of credit or honors a draft or demand in breach of its obligation to the applicant, the applicant may recover damages resulting from the breach, including incidental but not consequential damages, less any amount saved as a result of the breach.

"(c) If an adviser or nominated person other than a confirmer breaches an obligation under this article or an issuer breaches an obligation not covered in subsection (a) or (b) of this section, a person to whom the obligation is owed may recover damages resulting from the breach, including incidental but not consequential damages, less any amount saved as a result of the breach. To the extent of the confirmation, a confirmer has the liability of an issuer specified in this subsection and subsections (a) and (b) of this section.

"(d) An issuer, nominated person, or adviser who is found liable under subsection (a), (b), or (c) of this section shall pay interest on the amount owed thereunder from the date of wrongful dishonor or other appropriate date.

"(e) Reasonable attorney's fees and other expenses of litigation must be awarded to the prevailing party in an action in which a remedy is sought under this article.

"(f) Damages that would otherwise be payable by a party for breach of an obligation under this article may be liquidated by agreement or undertaking, but only in an amount or by a

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formula that is reasonable in light of the harm anticipated.

"§ 28:5-112. Transfer of letter of credit.

"(a) Except as otherwise provided in § 28:5-113, unless a letter of credit provides that it is transferable, the right of a beneficiary to draw or otherwise demand performance under a letter of credit may not be transferred.

"(b) Even if a letter of credit provides that it is transferable, the issuer may refuse to recognize or carry out a transfer if:

"(1) The transfer would violate applicable law; or

"(2) The transferor or transferee has failed to comply with any requirement stated in the letter of credit or any other requirement relating to transfer imposed by the issuer which is within the standard practice referred to in § 28:5-108(e) or is otherwise reasonable under the circumstances.

"§ 28:5-113. Transfer by operation of law.

"(a) A successor of a beneficiary may consent to amendments, sign and present documents, and receive payment or other items of value in the name of the beneficiary without disclosing its status as a successor.

"(b) A successor of a beneficiary may consent to amendments, sign and present documents, and receive payment or other items of value in its own name as the disclosed successor of the beneficiary. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (e) of this section, an issuer shall recognize a disclosed successor of a beneficiary as beneficiary in full substitution for its predecessor upon compliance with the requirements for recognition by the issuer of a transfer of drawing rights by operation of law under the standard practice referred to in § 28:5-108(e) or, in the absence of such a practice, compliance with other reasonable procedures sufficient to protect the issuer.

"(c) An issuer is not obliged to determine whether a purported successor is a successor of a beneficiary or whether the signature of a purported successor is genuine or authorized.

"(d) Honor of a purported successor's apparently complying presentation under subsection (a) or (b) of this section has the consequences specified in § 28:5-108(i) even if the purported successor is not the successor of a beneficiary. Documents signed in the name of the beneficiary or of a disclosed successor by a person who is neither the beneficiary nor the successor of the beneficiary are forged documents for the purposes of § 28:5-109.

"(e) An issuer whose rights of reimbursement are not covered by subsection (d) of this section or substantially similar law and any confirmer or nominated person may decline to recognize a presentation under subsection (b).

"(f) A beneficiary whose name is changed after the issuance of a letter of credit has the same rights and obligations as a successor of a beneficiary under this section.

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Section 28:5-113

"§ 28:5-114. Assignment of proceeds.

"(a) In this section, the term "proceeds of a letter of credit" means the cash, check, accepted draft, or other item of value paid or delivered upon honor or giving of value by the issuer or any nominated person under the letter of credit. The term "proceeds of a letter of credit" does not include a beneficiary's drawing rights or documents presented by the beneficiary.

"(b) A beneficiary may assign its right to part or all of the proceeds of a letter of credit. The beneficiary may do so before presentation as a present assignment of its right to receive proceeds contingent upon its compliance with the terms and conditions of the letter of credit.

"(c) An issuer or nominated person need not recognize an assignment of proceeds of a letter of credit until it consents to the assignment.

"(d) An issuer or nominated person has no obligation to give or withhold its consent to an assignment of proceeds of a letter of credit, but consent may not be unreasonably withheld if the assignee possesses and exhibits the letter of credit and presentation of the letter of credit is a condition to honor.

"(e) Rights of a transferee beneficiary or nominated person are independent of the beneficiary's assignment of the proceeds of a letter of credit and are superior to the assignee's right to the proceeds.

"(f) Neither the rights recognized by this section between an assignee and an issuer, transferee beneficiary, or nominated person nor the issuer's or nominated person's payment of proceeds to an assignee or a third person affect the rights between the assignee and any person other than the issuer, transferee beneficiary, or nominated person. The mode of creating and perfecting a security interest in or granting an assignment of a beneficiary's rights to proceeds is governed by Article 9 or other law. Against persons other than the issuer, transferee beneficiary, or nominated person arising upon the creation of a security interest or other assignment of a beneficiary's right to proceeds and its perfection are governed by Article 9 or other law.

"§ 28:5-115. Statute of limitations.

"An action to enforce a right or obligation arising under this article must be commenced within one year after the expiration date of the relevant letter of credit or one year after the cause of action accrues, whichever occurs later. A cause of action accrues when the breach occurs, regardless of the aggrieved party's lack of knowledge of the breach.

"§ 28:5-116. Choice of law and forum.

"(a) The liability of an issuer, nominated person, or adviser for action or omission is governed by the law of the jurisdiction chosen by an agreement in the form of a record signed or otherwise authenticated by the affected parties in the manner provided in § 28:5-104 or by a provision in the person's letter of credit, confirmation, or other undertaking. The jurisdiction whose law is chosen need not bear any relation to the transaction.

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"(b) Unless subsection (a) of this section applies, the liability of an issuer, nominated person, or adviser for action or omission is governed by the law of the jurisdiction in which the person is located. The person is considered to be located at the address indicated in the person's undertaking. If more than one address is indicated, the person is considered to be located at the address from which the person's undertaking was issued. For the purpose of jurisdiction, choice of law, and recognition of interbranch letters of credit, but not enforcement of a judgment, all branches of a bank are considered separate juridical entities and a bank is considered to be located at the place where its relevant branch is considered to be located under this subsection.

"(c) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the liability of an issuer, nominated person, or adviser is governed by any rules of custom or practice, such as the Uniform Customs and Practice for Documentary Credits, to which the letter of credit, confirmation, or other undertaking is expressly made subject. If (i) this article would govern the liability of an issuer, nominated person, or adviser under subsection (a) or (b) of this section, (ii) the relevant undertaking incorporates rules of custom or practice, and (iii) there is conflict between this article and those rules as applied to that undertaking, those rules govern except to the extent of any conflict with the nonvariable provisions specified in § 28:5-103(c).

"(d) If there is conflict between this article and Article 3, 4, 4A, or 9, this article governs.

"(e) The forum for settling disputes arising out of an undertaking within this article may be chosen in the manner and with the binding effect that governing law may be chosen in accordance with subsection (a) of this section.

"§ 28:5-117. Subrogation of issuer, applicant, and nominated person.

"(a) An issuer that honors a beneficiary's presentation is subrogated to the rights of the beneficiary to the same extent as if the issuer were a secondary obligor of the underlying obligation owed to the beneficiary and of the applicant to the same extent as if the issuer were the secondary obligor of the underlying obligation owed to the applicant.

"(b) An applicant that reimburses an issuer is subrogated to the rights of the issuer against any beneficiary, presenter, or nominated person to the same extent as if the applicant were the secondary obligor of the obligations owed to the issuer and has the rights of subrogation of the issuer to the rights of the beneficiary stated in subsection (a) of this section.

"(c) A nominated person who pays or gives value against a draft or demand presented under a letter of credit is subrogated to the rights of:

"(1) The issuer against the applicant to the same extent as if the nominated person were a secondary obligor of the obligation owed to the issuer by the applicant;

"(2) The beneficiary to the same extent as if the nominated person were a secondary obligor of the underlying obligation owed to the beneficiary; and

"(3) The applicant to same extent as if the nominated person were a secondary obligor of the underlying obligation owed to the applicant.

"(d) Notwithstanding any agreement or term to the contrary, the rights of subrogation

stated in subsections (a) and (b) of this section do not arise until the issuer honors the letter of credit or otherwise pays and the rights in subsection (c) of this section do not arise until the nominated person pays or otherwise gives value. Until then, the issuer, nominated person, and the applicant do not derive under this section present or prospective rights forming the basis of a claim, defense, or excuse.

	"§ 28:5-118. Applicability.	Section
	"This article applies to a letter of credit that is issued on or after the effective date of this	28:5-118
article.	This article does not apply to a transaction, event, obligation, or duty arising out of or	
associat	ted with a letter of credit that was issued before the effective date of this article.	

"§ 28:5-119. Savings clause.

"A transaction arising out of or associated with a letter of credit that was issued before the effective date of this article and the rights, obligations, and interests flowing from that transaction are governed by any statute or other law amended or repealed by this article as if repeal or amendment had not occurred and may be terminated, completed, consummated, or enforced under that statute or other law.".

Sec. 3. Conforming amendments to the Uniform Commercial Code.

(a) The analysis of the Uniform Commercial Code, Subtitle I of Title 28 of the District of Columbia Code, is amended in the caption for Article 5 by deleting the phrase "Letters of Credit . . . §§ 28:5-101 to 28:5-117" and inserting the phrase "Letters of Credit . . . §§ 28:5-101 to 28:5-117" and inserting the phrase "Letters of Credit . . . §§ 28:5-101 to 28:6-119" in its place.
(b) Section 28:1 105(2) is amonded by inserting effect the phrase "Amplitude bility of the caption o

(b) Section 28:1-105(2) is amended by inserting after the phrase "Applicability of the	6 <i>4</i>
article on back deposits and collections § 28:4-102" the following phrases:	Section 28:1-105
"Governing law in the article on funds transfers. § 28:4A-507.	
"Letters of credit. § 28:5-116.".	
(c) Section 28:2-512(1)(b) is amended by striking the phrase "the provisions of", and by	Section
striking the phrase "28:5-114" and inserting the phrase "28:5-109(b)" in its place.	28:2-512
(d) Section 28:9-103 is amended as follows:	Section
(1) The heading of subsection (1) is amended by inserting the phrase ", letters of	28:9-103
credit" after the word "instruments".	
(2) Subsection (1)(a) is amended by striking the phrase "and instruments and to"	
and inserting ", instruments, right to proceeds of written letters of credit, and" in its place.	0 <i>/</i>
(e) Section 28:9-104(1) is amended by striking the period at the end and inserting the	Section 28:9-104
phrase "; or" in its place and by adding a new subsection (m) to read as follows:	
"(m) to a transfer of an interest in a letter of credit other than the rights to proceeds of a	
written letter of credit."	
(f) Section 28:9-105(3) is amended as follows:	Section
(1) By inserting the phrase ""Letter of credit" $\delta 28.5-102$ " after the phrase	28:9-105

(1) By inserting the phrase ""Letter of credit". § 28:5-102" after the phrase

28:5-119

""Holder in due course". Section 28:3-302"; and

(2) By inserting the phrase ""Proceeds of a letter of credit". § 28:5-114(a)" after the phrase ""Note". Section 28:3-104".

(g) Section 28:9-106 is amended by inserting the phrase "rights to proceeds of written letters of credit," after the word "property,".

(h) Section 28:9-304 is amended as follows:

(1) The heading is amended by inserting the phrase "proceeds of a written letter ^{28:9-304} of credit," after the word "documents,".

(2) Subsection (1) is amended as follows:

(A) By adding after the first sentence the following new sentence:

"A security interest in the rights to proceeds of a written letter of credit can be perfected only by the secured party's taking possession of the letter of credit."; and

(B) By adding the phrase "certificated securities or" after the phrase "other than".

(i) Section 28:9-305 is amended as follows:

(1) The first sentence is amended to read as follows:

"A security interest in goods, instruments (other than certificated securities), money, negotiable documents, or chattel paper may be perfected by the secured party's taking possession of the collateral.".

(2) A new sentence is added after the amended first sentence to read as follows: "A security interest in the right to proceeds of a written letter of credit may be perfected by the secured party's taking possession of the letter of credit.".

Sec. 4. Fiscal impact statement.

The Council adopts the fiscal impact statement in the committee report as the fiscal impact statement required by section 602(c)(3) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; D.C. Code § 1-233(c)(3)).

Sec. 5. Effective date.

This act shall take effect following approval by the Mayor (or in the event of veto by the Mayor, action by the Council to override the veto), approval by the Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority as provided in section 203(a) of the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Act of 1995, approved April 17, 1995 (109 Stat. 116; D.C. Code § 47-392.3(a)), a 30-day period of Congressional review as provided in section 602(c)(1) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental

Section 28:9-305

Section

Reorganization Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; D.C. Code § 1-233(c)(1)), and publication in the District of Columbia Register.

Chairman Council of the District of Columbia

Mayor District of Columbia

APPROVED: December 24, 1996

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Secretary to the Council